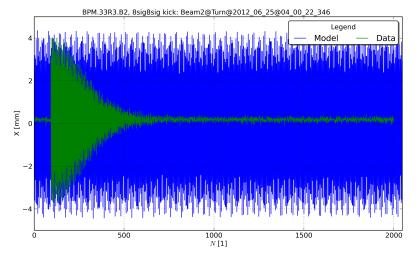
# Strong (1,2) line in horizontal BPM spectrum of 2012 kick data

Robert Westenberger

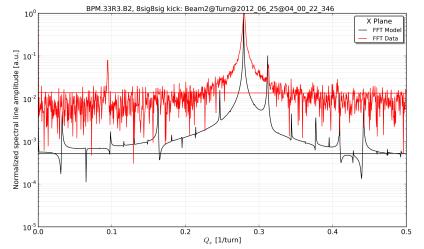
BE-ABP Non-linear studies meeting

27.06.2014

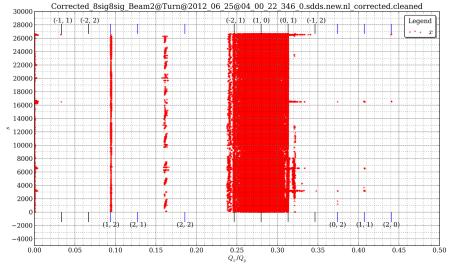
# Model comparison for one example BPM (signal)



Model comparison for one example BPM (spectrum), very strong (1,2) line at  $Q_x \approx 0.094$ 



# You might remember plotSpectrum.py:



# 8sig/8sig diagonal kick data

- ▶ strong (1,2) line in horizontal spectrum (about 2 orders of magnitude above model expectations)
- ▶ seems to be appearing in all BPMs



# First possible explanation: BPM non-linearity

With: u and  $v \in \{x, y\}$ 

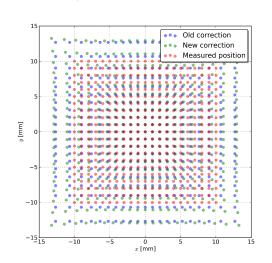
Old correction (2011-2013):

$$u_{\text{bpm}} = A u_{\text{raw}}^5 + B u_{\text{raw}}^3 + C u_{\text{raw}} \tag{1}$$

New correction (2015-):

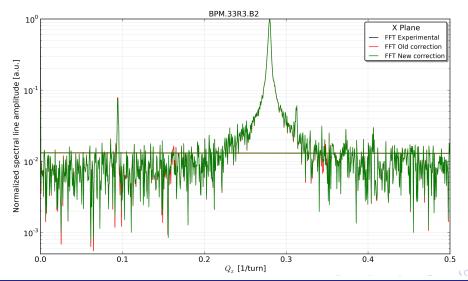
$$u_{\text{bpm}} = A u_{\text{raw}}^5 + B u_{\text{raw}}^3 + C u_{\text{raw}} + D u_{\text{raw}}^3 v_{\text{raw}}^2 + E u_{\text{raw}} v_{\text{raw}}^4 + F u_{\text{raw}} v_{\text{raw}}^2$$
(2)

Comparison between measured beam positions from -10 mm to 10 mm, old and new correction



Deviation between measured data and correction in order of  $10\,\%$ 

So what's the influence on our spectrum? None (roughly).

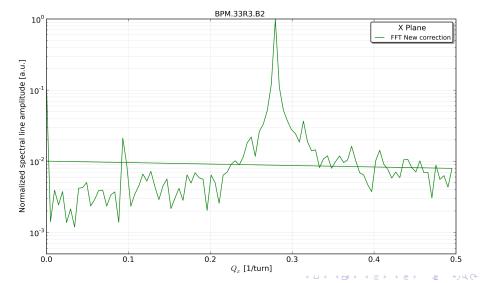


#### Possible explanations would be:

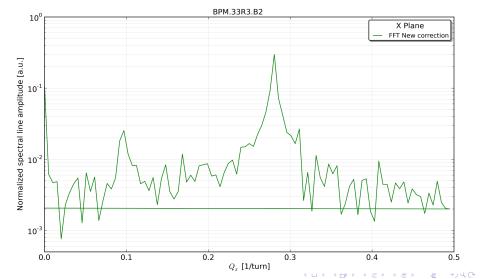
- $\times$  line coming from the BPMs:
  - $\rightarrow$  BPM non-linearity: new 2015 BPM non-linearity correction applied to the data, leading only to some minor changes
- ? bug in data analysis (unlikely but possible) Test-driven developement should avoid most common error sources.
- ? line coming from the machine:
  - $\rightarrow$  unkown resonance?
  - Turn-by-turn data split into parts with and without kick response, (1,2) amplitude nearly constant while (1,0)amplitude decreases! Further analysis needed.
- ? other source?



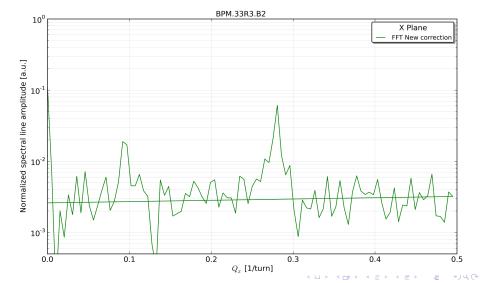
#### FFT of turns 93 to 300:



# FFT of turns 301 to 500:



### FFT of turns 501 to 700:



### FFT of turns 701 to 900:

